

Guiding the way to a perfect welding seam

The in-process optical seam tracking with TH6D paves the way toward a perfect welding seam: Components and joints are recorded using a combination of laser lines and a camera, allowing the course of the welding seam to be corrected in real time. Contact free and independent of both system and process, the method is suitable for all standard seam shapes and types of material.

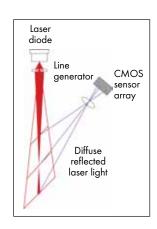
Universal, precise & non-touch!



#### **TH6D FAQ**

#### 1) How does the TH6D work?

- A. It works on the concept of laser triangulation. A laser diode inside of the sensor creates lines and projects to the part. These lines reflect and are picked up by a camera. Data is then turned into lines which the system interprets as the joint and sends positional information to the motion system.
- B: Information output includes data for X, Y and Z positions, rotation angle around each axis, joint, gap, mismatch, etc.



#### 2) Why are three beams better than one?

- A. Three times the sampling allowing for excellent stability during the acquisition of measurement data.
- B. Uses the average of the three beams to calculate the path allowing for greater variances in material quality.

Detail	One-Line	More-Line
Seam geometry information	Y, Z, gap, area, mismatch, length of laser line	Y, Z, gap, area, mismatch, length of laser line
Angles	Not available, theoretical about comparing two or more pictures and robot information	A, B, C right, C left, C total
Measure redundancy	None	In every picture
Plausibility	None, because of missing redundancy	Yes, because of redundancy
3D applications	Only with additional software or multiple part measurement	Possible, due to all necessary information in one picture
Equivocality	None	Equivocality are possible, software parameters and filter supporting
Arithmetic average	Not available, theoretical possible calculating robot position with sensor measurements	Available
Concave-convex part detection	Not possible	Available, due to distance in x of laser line

#### 3) What is the standoff distance? What is the look ahead distance?

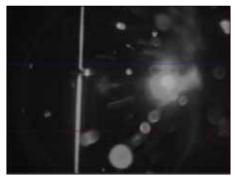
- A. Standoff: 150mm (+/- 12mm)
- B. Look ahead (Robot Applications): 10mm to 30mm
- C. Look ahead (Fixed Automation): 10mm on the low side as far forward as the process will allow.

#### 4) What is the resolution of the camera? What is the sampling rate?

- A. 0.03mm x 0.07mm
- B. 60 240 Hz

# 5) Will the TH6D work on stainless steel or aluminum? Can the TH6D work on shiny material in general?

- A. Yes, there can be a little more setup as the sensor angle to the joint is not as forgiving.
- B. The system uses a data filter which is implemented by software and its purpose is to erase the reflections and all other light influences like the ones shown below:
  - i. Welding spatter
  - ii. Excessive reflection due to high reflective surfaces like aluminum



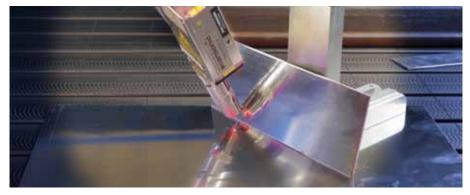


Without filtering

With filtering

#### 6) What kind of tracking speed can be expected to achieve?

A. 6m/min (256 IPM) has been verified as possible with the right set up. Actual speed will vary to some extent. Most high end arc applications are at 80 - 120 IPM. the TH6D is capable of processing these speeds with good stability.



#### **TH6D FAQ**

#### 7) What are my mounting options?

A. A number of pre-engineered mounts are available.

Reference Mounting Options chart of page 5.

Note: Contact Scott Huber or Toli Tselichev for specific applications.

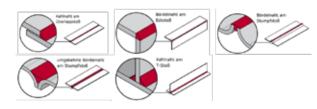
#### 8) What are the robot requirements?

- A. Robots will typically require a specific software set on the controller to support the installation and interpretation of data flow for motion control.
- B. Most connections are done via Ethernet however digital/analog interfaces are available as well.

Reference Robot Requirements chart on page 6.

# 9) What type of welding joints can the TH6D track?

A. There are a number of pre-engineered welding joints defined. See below.



#### 10) Am I limited to arc welding applications

- A. This unit can be used for virtually any process that requires real time seam tracking including, but not limited to, MIG, TIG, plasma, laser, brazing, sealing, caulking, cutting, etc.
- B. The addition of the AutoGuide to the product line is another great use for the TH6D. AutoGuide is an integrated product that includes a TH6D sensor, torch mount, and 2 axis motor package to control torch position (Y and Z up to 200 mm total in each direction) based on the TH6D seam tracking information. This can be used for gantry or fixed position welding and contains its own control package for setting up the seam tracking unit.





# **Mounting Requirements**

TH6D Part No.	Torch Mounting System	Robot Model	Flange	Torch Type	
780.3241.0			780.3606.0	ABIROB A500/22° (980. ABIROB A500/35° (980.	
780.3242.0	iSTM	Fanuc Arcmate 100/120iC	780.3606.0	ABIROB A500 (980.10	015.0)
780.3245.0			780.0680.0	ABIROB 350GC/30° (98 ABIROB W600 0°/22° (782.01	
780.3251.0	iCAT			ABIROB A360 22*/35* (980.10 ABIROB A500 22*/35* (980.10 ABIROB W500 45* (782 ABIROB W600 0*/22* (782.01 ABIROB 350GC 30* (98) ROBO WH500 (962.1	913/980.1014) 2.0078) 90/782.0191) 0.0028)
780.3261.0	.6714	ABB IRB 2600iD	284.0499.0		
780.3272.0	iSTM	ABB 1600iC	780.0678.0	ABIROB W600 0°/22° (782.01	91/782.0192)
For external robots			Torch mou	nting system	
780.3266.0	CAT2			ABIROB W500 22° (782.003/782.0076) 35° (782.0004/782.0077) 45° (782.0005/782.0078) ABIROB A360 22° (980.1024)	780.0414 780.420 780.0422 780.0444
780.3270.0	CAIZ			ABIROB W600 22° (782.0910/782.0214) 35° (782.0192/782.0215) 45° (782.0193/782.0216)	780.0781 780.0782 780.0784

## **TH6D FAQ**

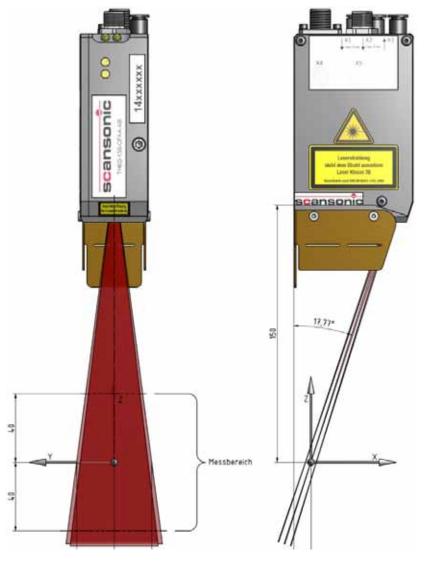
# **Robot Requirements**

Dalas	Interface	Robot requirements			
Robot Manufacturer		Hardware	Software	Data Link Sensor-robot	Calibration with
ABB	Ethernet Serial	- Controller iRC5	- Robot System Software 5.15 - Option "Optical Tracking Arc 660-1"	Ethernet Serial IRS-732	Scansonic or ABB calibration plate
Fanuc	Ethernet	- Controller R-J3iC - Controller R-30iA - Controller R-30iB - Ethernet Part #2 must be free	- Operation system Fanuc "Arc Tool" - Universal Sensor Interface (R691) - User Socket Messaging (R648)	Ethernet	10 Point mea- surement (Opt: calibration plate 837.0882.1)
KUKA -	RSI Interface	KR C2 edition 0.5 - Network Card 3Com 3C905CX-TX-M or Ethernet 100Mbit PCI	KUKA System Software (KSS) 5.4; 5.5 or 5.6 Software Modules: - RSI Interface - XML protocol - Inline standard form  KUKA System Software 8.2.20	Ethernet	Scansonic calibration plate
		KR C4 Standard Ethernet port	(or higher) KUKA Robot Sensor Interface 3.1.3 KUKA.Ethernet KRL 2.1.3		
	Seam Tech Interface	KR C2 edition 05 - Network Card 3Com 3C905CX.TX-M or Ethernet 100Mbit PCI	KUKA System Software (KSS) 5.4; 5.5 or 5.6 Software Modules: - SeamTech tracking(containing RSI Interface) - XML protocol KUKA System Software 8.2.20 (or higher)	Ethernet	
		Standard Ethernet port	KUKA.Robot.Sensor Interface 3.1.3 KUKA.Ethernet KRL 2.1.3 - RoboStar V		
Reis	Serial Ethernet	IPC with RS422 interface refit	- Software Version 20.0 or higher (Proprietary Protocol)	Serial RS-422 Ethernet	Reis calibration plate
	D/A Interface	- Controller DX100 - General Sensor DX100 with sensor board - XO102-card	Software Version 24 or higher  Robot System Software  DS2.05.00A (-)00	Digital and Analog Signals	Golden Seam Referenz Path
Yaskawa	Ethernet	Controller DX100	- Robot System Software DS1.61.00A-27 Tip: Port5020 has to be addressed in robot settings	Ethernet	Calibration plate
	Digital/ Analog Interface	Analog input for measurements - Side (y) - Height (z) in the range of ±10V/ 4-20mA	SPS	D/A interface other fieldbus on request	
	Universal XML Inter- face	Protocol of SML - com- munication is based on the principles of ISO-OSI Reference model. Lowest layer is on Ethernet. The XML communication is located in layers 5-7.	SPS	No. Layer 7 Applicatio 6 Display 5 Communicat 4 Transport 3 Operation 2 Protection 1 Bit transfe	dard ASCII, 0-127) TCP IP
Cloos	No interface	yet, Cloos is working or	n an Ethernet interface for new able by the end of 2014.	controllers, possib	e interface avail-

# **Specification Information**

#### Sensor head TH6D-150-CFAA-AB

Field of measurement	Width: ± 8 mm
	Height: ± 12 mm
Optical resolution in the TCP	0.07 mm/pixel along X axis
	0.03 mm/pixel along Y axis
Nominal working gap $(z = 0 mm)$	150 mm from bottom edge of sensor
Nominal working gap $(x = 0 mm)$	10 mm from rear edge of sensor



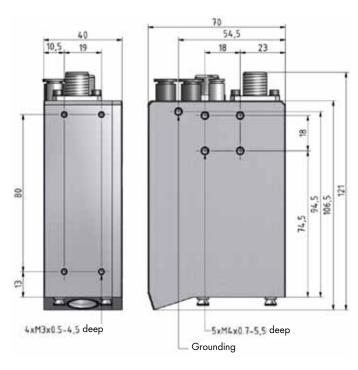
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### TH6D FAQ

# **Specification Information**

#### **TH6D Sensor Head General Dimensions**

	Characteristics
Configurations	TH6D-150-CFAA-AB
Power supply	12 - 36 V DC (125 mA max. at nominal 24 V)
	Protected against false insertion
Weight	TH6D sensor head: 0.53 kg
	TH6D sensor head including safety glass unit: 0.65 kg
Limiting acceleration (mech)	3 g (with or without function operations)
Laser protection class	3B
Protection class	IP64 (with plugged in connectors)
Operating wavelength	660 nm
Max. laser output	50 mW
Dimensions	70 x 121 x 40 mm (L x H x W)



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